

Product: HIGH PURITY ACETONITRILE

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SECTION 1: CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Identification of the product	HIGH PURITY ACETONITRILE.
Recommended uses	Industrial use.
Restrictions on use	Not recommended for other uses.
Company	COMPANHIA BRASILEIRA DE ESTIRENO.
Address:	Rua Hidrogênio, 824 - Polo Petroquímico – Camaçari – BA - CEP: 42816-140, Brasil.
Telephone number	(71) 3878-6313.
Emergency telephone number	0800 110 8270 Pró-Química

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful in
Most important hazards	contact with skin. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. It is
	suspected of causing genetic defects.
Product effects	
	Harmful if swallowed, if in contact with skin and if inhaled. Causes
	severe eye irritation with pain, redness, and watery eyes. It is
Adverse effects to the	suspected of causing genetic defects.
human health	Signs and symptoms after exposure: flushing of the face and feeling of
numan nealth	constriction in the chest; irritating to the nose and throat. Exposures in
	high concentrations can cause irritability, rash, confusion, delirium,
	seizures, paralysis, and death from central nervous system depression.
Environmental effects	The product is not expected to have effects on the environment.
Physical and chemical	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.



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hazards	
Chemical product-specific	Sparks can ignite liquids and vapors. It may cause a fire or an
hazards	explosion.
	Signs and symptoms after exposure: flushing of the face and feeling of
	constriction in the chest; irritating to the nose and throat. Exposures in
	high concentrations can cause irritability, rash, confusion, delirium,
Important symptoms	seizures, paralysis, and death from central nervous system depression.
	Harmful if swallowed, if in contact with skin and if inhaled. Causes
	severe eye irritation with pain, redness, and watery eyes. It is
	suspected of causing genetic defects.
	Flammable liquids – Category 2.
	Acute Toxicity Oral – Category 4.
Classification of the	Acute Toxicity Dermal – Category 4.
chemical product	Acute Toxicity Inhalation – Category 4.
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2A.
	Germ cell mutagenicity – Category 2.
Classification system	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of
adopted	Chemicals (GHS), United Nations, 2019.
Adagusta labeling element	

Adequate labeling elements





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	H332 Harmful if inhaled.
	H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.
	PREVENTION
	P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and
	other ignition sources. No smoking.
	P233 Keep container tightly closed.
	P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
	P242 Use non-sparking tools.
	P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.
	P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
	P270 Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using this product.
	P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face
	protection and hearing protection.
	RESPONSE TO EMERGENCIES
Precautionary statement(s)	P318 IF exposed or concerned, get medical advice.
Frecautionary statement(s)	P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep
	comfortable for breathing.
	P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use foam, dry chemical and carbon
	dioxide (CO ₂) for extinguishing.
	P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all
	contaminated clothing. Rinse affected areas with water or shower.
	P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for
	several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.
	Continue rising.
	STORAGE
	P405 Store locked up.
	P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

DISPOSAL



In accordance with ISO 11014:2009

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P501 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with current regulations.

Outline of an anticipated emergency

HIGHLY FLAMMABLE LIQUID HAZARDOUS TO HUMAN HEALTH.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

SUBSTANCE	
Systematic chemical or trivial	Acetonitrile (99%).
name	Accidentine (3370).
Common or generic name	Ethanonitrile, Methyl Cyanide, Cyanomethane.
CAS Number	75-05-8.
Impurities and stabilizing	
additives contributing to the	It does not present impurities that contribute to the hazardous.
hazard	

SECTION 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES

Exposure routes	
	Take the victim to a ventilated place and keep him at rest in a position
Inhalation	that does not impede breathing. If you are unwell, contact a POISON
	CENTER or doctor. Take this SDS.
	IN CASE OF CONTACT WITH SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all
Skin contact	contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with soap and water or take a
Skiii contact	shower. Contact a POISON CENTER or doctor immediately. Take this
	SDS.
	Rinse with plenty of water for several minutes. If you wear contact
Eye contact:	lenses, remove them if easy and rinse again. Seek medical help
	immediately. Take this SDS.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. Do not give anything by mouth to an



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	unconscious person. Wash the victim's mouth with plenty of water. If vomiting occurs, tilt the patient forward or place him on the left side (upward if possible) to keep the airway open and avoid aspiration. Keep the patient silent and maintain normal body temperature. Consult a TOXICOLOGY CENTER or a doctor. Take this SDS.
Anticipated acute effects and/or anticipated delayed effects	Harmful if swallowed, if in contact with skin and if inhaled. Causes severe eye irritation with pain, redness, and watery eyes. It is suspected of causing genetic defects. Signs and symptoms after exposure: flushing of the face and feeling of constriction in the chest; irritating to the nose and throat. Exposures in high concentrations can cause irritability, rash, confusion, delirium, seizures, paralysis, and death from central nervous system depression.
Most important symptoms/effects	Signs and symptoms after exposure: flushing of the face and feeling of constriction in the chest; irritating to the nose and throat. Exposures in high concentrations can cause irritability, rash, confusion, delirium, seizures, paralysis, and death from central nervous system depression.
Protection of first aiders and/or special notes to a physician	Avoid contact with the product when helping the victim. Exposure treatment should be directed at controlling the symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. In case of skin contact, do not rub the affected area. Acetonitrile decomposes when heated and produces cyanide gas, it is recommended to consult medical protocol for treatment in case of exposure to cyanide. After contact with the product, the effects can take up to 3 hours to start and can persist for three days. Avoid contact with the product when helping the victim. In case of contact of the product with the skin



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> or clothes of the victim, remove them immediately and wash them with plenty of water.

> If the victim shows symptoms, antidotes may be needed. Administer according to clinical picture:

- Oxygen Offer 100% concentration when possible.
- · Amyla Nitrite Place next to victim's nostril for 15 seconds. If breathing does not return to normal, repeat every 2 minutes.
- Sodium Nitrite: Start with 50 mg IV, with an average treatment dose of 300 mg, not to exceed 600 mg.
- Sodium thiosulfate: start with a dose of 12.5 g of EV that does not exceed 175 g.
- Cyanokit® (hydroxocobalamin): start with a 5 g dose of EV, not to exceed 10 g.
- Methylene blue: 100 to 200 mg EV should be used when the methemoglobin level exceeds 30%.

NOTE: All antidotes applied to EV can be diluted in 5% glycated serum or 0.9% saline.

Here is a suggestion for treatment with antidotes:

DEGREE OF INTOXICATION	SYMPTOM	ANTIDOTE TREATMENT	ANTIDOTE
Mild	Absence of symptoms, or mild symptoms: headache, asthenia, altered smell and taste and dyspnea.	Use a supportive treatment + O ₂ 100%	1 antidote
Moderate	It usually presents headache, vomiting and cardiac arrhythmias.	Use a supportive treatment + O ₂ 100% + sodium thiosulfate	2 antidotes
Serious	In addition to the symptoms described above, hot flashes, altered consciousness, seizures,	Use a supportive treatment + O_2 100% and / or amyl nitrite and / or sodium thiosulfate and	3 antidotes



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		and severe dyspnea may occur.	/ or sodium nitrite.	
			Use a supportive treatment +	
		Presents loss of consciousness and	O ₂ 100% and / or amyl nitrite	3 ou more
Very	y serious	respiratory and / or	and / or sodium thiosulfate and	antidotes
		cardiorespiratory arrest.	/ or sodium nitrite and / or	antidotes
			cyanokit.	

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

	Suitable: foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO ₂).
Extinguishing media	Suitable. Toam, dry chemical of carbon dioxide (CO2).
	Not suitable: jets of water directly under the product.
	Very dangerous when exposed to excessive heat or other sources of
	ignition such as: sparks, open flames or flames from matches and
	cigarettes, welding operations, pilot lamps and electric motors. Static
	charge can build up by flow or agitation. Vapors from heated liquid can
Specific hazards arising from	be ignited by static discharge. Vapors can be denser than air and tend
the chemical product	to collect in low-lying or confined areas, such as manholes and
	basements. They can travel long distances causing the flame to
	recede or new sources of fire, both in open and closed environments.
	Containers can explode if heated. Thermal decomposition or
	combustion can release carbon oxides, cyanide, and nitrogen oxides.
	Fight fire as much as possible or control nozzles. If possible, fight the
Specific extinguishing	fire downwind. Do not extinguish fire before containing leak.
methods	Containers and tanks involved in the fire must be cooled with water
	mist.
Special equipment for the	Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) operated in positive
protection of firefighters	pressure mode and complete protective clothing.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES



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	Avoid sparks or flames. No Smoking. Do not touch damaged
Personal precautions	containers or spilled material without wearing suitable clothing. Avoid
	exposure to the product. Use personal protective equipment as
	described in section 8.
Protective equipment:	Use protective equipment as described in Section 8.
	Wear full PPE with goggles, protective gloves, safety shoes, and
	suitable protective clothing. Isolate spills from sources of ignition.
	Evacuate the area within a radius of at least 50 meters. Keep
Emergency procedures	unauthorized people away from the area. Stop leak if it can be done
	without risk. In case of large leaks, where the exposure is great, it is
	recommended to use a respiratory protection mask with filter against
	mists and vapors.
	Prevent the product from reaching the ground and water courses.
Environmental proportions	Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental
Environmental precautions	contamination (if it has reached water courses or if it has
	contaminated the soil or vegetation).
Mathada and materials for	Stop leak if without risk. Contain spilled product with sand, earth, or
Methods and materials for	vermiculite dikes and transfer to a suitable container, which should be
containment	properly labeled.
	To clean the floor and all objects contaminated by this product, use an
Mathada and matadala fan	appropriate product. Collect the product remains with inert material.
Methods and materials for	The water used to clean the place must be collected for later disposal,
cleaning up	incineration is recommended. For the final destination, proceed in
	accordance with Section 13 of this SDS.
Secondary disaster	The same actions are recommended for large and small leaks of this
prevention measures	product.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE



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Handling	
Precautions for safe handling	Handle in a ventilated area or with a general local exhaust / ventilation system. Avoid the formation of mists and vapors. Do not mix with incompatible materials. Avoid exposure to the product. Wear personal protective equipment as described in Section 8. Use of the product is restricted to professionals. Caution: avoid exposure; obtain special instructions before use.
Technical measures for	
prevention of exposure of the handler	Use personal protective equipment as described in Section 8.
Technical measures for prevention of fire and explosion	Schedule a first aid action before starting product activity. The use of the product is restricted to professionals. Caution - Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Handle in a ventilated area or with a general local exhaust / compliance system.
Suitable precautions	Contaminated clothing should be changed and washed before reuse. Remove clothing and protective equipment contaminated before entering eating areas.
Prevention of contact	Wash hands and face thoroughly after handling and before eating, drinking, smoking, or going to the bathroom.
Storage	
Conditions for safe storage	Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, and hot surfaces No Smoking. Keep the container closed. Ground the product container and receiver during transfers. Use only non-sparking tools. Avoid the accumulation of electrostatic charges. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilation, and lighting equipment. Store in a cool, dry place with adequate ventilation. Keep away from open flames, high temperatures and incompatible materials. Store in unopened original packaging. This product may react, in a hazardous



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	manner, with some incompatible materials as described in Section 10.
Technical measures	Keep away from high temperatures, ignition sources and incompatible materials.
Incompatible substances and mixtures	Strong oxidizers, such as chlorine, bromine, and fluorine; chlorosulfonic acid; oleum or sulfuric acid. It can build up static electrical charges and can ignite its vapors.
Packaging materials	
Recommended material	Similar to the original packaging.
Unsuitable material	It is not known unsuitable materials.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Permissible concentration				
Occupational exposure limit	Chemical or common name	TLV – TWA (ACGIH, 2019)	PEL – TWA (OSHA, 2019)	REL – TWA (NIOSH, 2019)
	Acetonitrile* A4	20 ppm	40 ppm (ST) 60 ppm	20 ppm
	A4: Not classified a	as carcinogenic to	humans.	
	* Skin - absorption through the skin.			
	ST: ST = Short term exposure limit.			
	IDLH Acetonitrile: 1	137 ppm (NIOSH, 2	2017).	
Biological limit	Not established.			
	Promote mechanic	cal ventilation and	a direct exhaus	st system to the
Engineering controls	outside environme	ent. These meas	sures help to	reduce product
measures	exposure. Maintain	atmospheric cond	centrations, of the	e constituents of
	the product, below	the occupational e	exposure limits ind	dicated.
Appropriate personal protect	ive equipment			



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	Supplied air semi-facial respirator (10 x occupational exposure limit). A
Respiratory protection	risk assessment is recommended to adequately define respiratory
	protection in view of the conditions of use of the product.
Hand protection	Neoprene, butyl rubber or polyethylene waterproof gloves.
Eye protection	Wide vision safety glasses.
Skin and body protection	Suitable safety clothing and closed shoes. The material used should
	be waterproof.
Special precautions	Not established.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	Liquid, clear and colorless
Odour	Acre.
рН	7.
Melting point/freezing point	- 46°C.
Boiling point, initial boiling,	82°C.
and boiling range	
Flashpoint	5.6°C.
Upper/lower flammability or	Major: 16%.
explosive limits	Lower: 4.4%.
Vapour pressure	Not available.
Vapour density	1.43.
Relative density	0.79 g / cm³ (20 ° C).
Solubility(ies)	Fully miscible in water.
n-octanol/water partition	Log kow: -0.34.
coefficient	20g No. 1.
Auto-ignition temperature	254°C.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Odour threshold	Not available.



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Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability	Not available.
Viscosity	0.352 cP at 20 ° C.
Other information	Not available.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability	Product is stable under normal conditions of temperature and
	pressure.
	Acetonitrile decomposes when heated to produce cyanide gas and
	nitrogen oxides, which are strongly reactive. May react vigorously with
Hazardous reactions	strong oxidizing agents, sulfuric acid, chlorosulfonic acid, sulfur
riazaruous reactions	trioxide, perchlorates, nitrating reagents, and nitric acid. Potentially
	explosive in contact with nitrogen-fluorine compounds (eg
	tetrafluorourea).
Conditions to avoid	High temperatures, heat, friction and contact with incompatible
Conditions to avoid	materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizers, such as chlorine, bromine, and fluorine;
	chlorosulfonic acid; oleum or sulfuric acid. It can build up static
	electrical charges and can ignite its vapors.
Hazardous decomposition	Thermal decomposition can release hydrogen cyanide, in addition to
products	carbon monoxide and dioxide, cyanide.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

	Harmful if swallowed, if in contact with skin and if inhaled.
	Acetonitrile:
Acute toxicity	LD ₅₀ (oral, rats): 617 mg / kg.
	LD ₅₀ (dermal, rabbits): 2,000 mg / kg.
	LC ₅₀ (inhalation, rats, 4h): 6022 mg / m³.



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Skin irritation/corrosion	The product is not expected to cause skin irritation. Acetonitrile: Rabbit skin irritation test - negative results.
Eye damage/irritation	Contact with the product causes eye irritation with redness and tearing.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	Not expected to cause respiratory or skin sensitization. Acetonitrile: Guinea pig skin sensitization test - Buehler - negative result (OECD 406).
Reproductive cell mutagenicity	It is suspected of causing genetic defects. Acetonitrile: Results from a subchronic inhalation study in rats show a NOAEL of 100 ppm. Acetonitrile did not induce genetic mutations in bacteria and showed little clastogenic activity in mammalian cells. Weak positive results have been reported for an in vivo mutagenicity test. In male rats, inhalation exposure to 400 ppm caused an increase in neoplasms based on a higher incidence of hepatocellular adenomas and carcinomas.
Carcinogenicity	The product is not expected to cause cancer. Acetonitrile: ACGIH classifies Acetonitrile as Group A4: Not classified as carcinogenic to humans.
Reproductive toxicity	The product is not expected to cause reproductive toxicity. Acetonitrile: A study conducted with inhaled rats showed no adverse effects on reproduction.
Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure	Signs and symptoms after exposure: flushing of the face and feeling of constriction in the chest; irritating to the nose and throat. Exposures in



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	high concentrations can cause irritability, rash, confusion, delirium,
	seizures, paralysis, and death from central nervous system
	depression.
Specific target organ toxicity	The product is not expected to cause specific target organ toxicity
 repeated exposure 	through repeated or prolonged exposure.
Aspiration hazard	It is not expected that the product presents aspiration hazard.
	Like hydrogen cyanide (HCN), acetonitrile (ACN) is easily absorbed
	from the lungs and gastrointestinal tract, and is distributed throughout
	the body in both humans and laboratory animals.
	Distribution kinetics were studied in mice after intravenous
	administration. After 5 minutes, the highest levels of radioactivity were
	found in the liver and kidney, and the levels decreased over time. At
Toxicokinetics, metabolism	24 and 48 hours, radioactivity was highest in the digestive tract,
and distribution	thymus, liver, and testes. Covalent binding studies showed
	approximately half of the radioactivity in the liver bound to
	macromolecular fractions. The radioactivity in other organs was mainly
	in the lipid fractions. Acetonitrile was shown to be converted to
	cyanide by rat nasal and liver tissues, the maximum rate being ten
	times higher per gram of protein in nasal tissue than in any other
	tissue monitored.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environmental effects, behavior, and fate of the product

The product is not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.

Acetonitrile:

Ecotoxicity LC₅₀ (Fathead minnow, 96h): 1,640 mg / L.

> NOEC (Oryzias latipes, 21 days): 102 mg / L. LC₅₀ (Daphnia magna 48h): 3,600 mg / L.



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	NOEC (<i>Daphnia magna</i> 48h): 160 mg / L.	
	NOEC (Selenastrum capricornutum, 72h):> 1,000 mg / L.	
Persistence and degradability	The product is not expected to show persistence and is considered to degrade rapidly. Acetonitrile: Biodegradability: 70% in 21 days.	
Bioaccumulative potential	The product has a low potential for bioaccumulation in aquatic organisms. Acetonitrile: BCF: 0.3. Log kow: - 0.34.	
Mobility in soil	High soil mobility is expected. Acetonitrile: Koc: 8.04 L / kg.	
Other adverse effects	No other effects of the product are known.	

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Methods of disposal to the		
chemical product, product		
waste and/or contaminated		
container and/or packaging		

Must be disposed of as hazardous waste in compliance with local regulations. The treatment and disposal should be evaluated for each specific product. Keep the product remains in its original and properly closed. Disposal should be performed as established for the product. Do not reuse empty containers. These may contain product residues and should be kept closed and sent for proper disposal as established for the product.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International regulations	
Land	UN – "United Nations"
	Recommendations on the TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS.



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	Model Regulations
UN number	1648
UN proper shipping name	ACETONITRILE
Transport hazard class(es)	3
Subsidiary risk	N.A.
Packing group	II
Sea	IMO – International Maritime Organization
	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code)
UN number	1648
UN proper shipping name	ACETONITRILE
Transport hazard class(es)	3
Subsidiary risk	N.A.
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	The product is not considered a marine pollutant.
EmS	F-E, S-D.
Air	IATA – International Air Transport Association
	Dangerous Goods Regulation (DGR)
UN number	1648
UN proper shipping name	ACETONITRILE
Transport hazard class(es)	3
Packing group	II
Transport in bulk according to MARPOL 73/78, Annex II, and the IBC Code	Consult regulations: - International Maritime Organization. MARPOL: Articles, protocols, annexes, unified interpretations of the International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships, 1973, as modified by the Protocol of 1978 relating thereto, consolidated edition. IMO, London, 2006; - International Maritime Organization. IBC code: International code for



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	the construction and equipment of shipping carrying dangerous
	chemicals in bulk: With Standards and guidelines relevant to the
	code. IMO, London, 2007.
Special precautions	There is no need of special precautions.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

Convention concerning Safety in the use of Chemicals at Work (Convention 170) - International Labour Organization, 1990.

International Organization for Standardization - ISO 11014:2009.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

This SDS was prepared based on current knowledge about the proper product handling and under normal conditions of use, in accordance with the application specified on the packaging. Any other use of the product involving their combination with other materials, and use various forms of those indicated, are the responsibility of the user. Warns that the handling of any chemical substance requires the prior knowledge of its hazards for the user. In the workplace it is for the user company's product promotes training of its collaborators about the possible risks arising from exposure to the chemical.

SDS elaborated May 2021.

Abbreviations:

ACGIH – American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA – American Industrial Hygiene Association

BCF – Bioconcentration Factor

BEI – Biological Exposure Index

CAS – Chemical Abstracts Service

C - Ceiling

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LC₅₀ – Lethal Concentration 50%

LD₅₀ - Lethal Dose 50%

ERPG - Emergency Response Planning Guidelines

LEL – Lower Explosive Limit

UEL – Upper Explosive Limit

NIOSH - National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health

OSHA – Occupational Safety & Health Administration

PEL – Permissible Exposure Limit

REL – Recommended Exposure Limit

STEL – Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV - Threshold Limit Value

TWA – Time Weighted Average

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